## Fifth Sunday Per Annum (C) February 7, 2016.

But when Simon Peter saw it, he fell down at Jesus' knees, saying. 'Go away from me, Lord, for I am a sinful man!'(Lk. 5:8)

As we continue to commemorate the mysteries of our Lord's earthly life, our Gospel reading records the call of the first apostles who left everything and followed Jesus (Lk. 5:11). The radical nature of their response is reflective of the similarly radical nature of the call: Do not be afraid; from now on you will be catching men (Lk. 5:10). This scene describes the first of countless other occasions where both men and women, have set all things aside to work for the salvation of souls. Salus animarum est suprema lex; The salvation of souls is the supreme law (of the Church). This ancient saying helps us to understand both what our Lord says and does in the Gospel reading that we have just heard, and the Church's efforts through the ages to be faithful to His command to put out into the deep water and let down your nets for a catch (Lk. 5:4).

Our Lord came into the world to save mankind; and we His disciples, are both the recipients of the gift of salvation and cooperators as the offer of salvation is made to the world today. This has always been the dynamic at work in the life of the Lord's followers. What we receive is not kept simply for ourselves. It is generously offered and shared with others. Every local Church, that is to say, the Church in every country was founded by men and women sent to share the faith, just as the first Apostles were sent by our Lord. We think of St. Marguerite Bourgeoys, St. Marie of the Incarnation, and, of course, of the Jesuit Martyrs whom we know as the Canadian Martyrs. Ever-present in the history of the Church is the reality and witness of martyrdom. While many welcome the Gospel, many do not and so every age has its martyrs. History however, also clearly illustrates that where the Gospel is received and lived, life improves at every level. So in the grace that is ours as we worship and adore the living God in the sacred action of the Mass, we must make our own the words of the Prophet Isaiah: Then I heard the voice of the Lord saying, Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?' And I said, 'Here am I; send me!' (Is. 6:8). It is because we are aware that Our Lord is at work in our lives that we follow Him and rejoice that He has called us to belong to His Church, the visible community of His mercy (Porta Fidei, 15). Our efforts to live the Gospel are a proclamation of God's merciful love.

The description of the Church as the visible community of His mercy, expresses the very reason for the existence of the Church. In his great encyclical on the Church, Mystici Corporis Christi, On the Mystical Body of Christ, the Venerable Pope Pius XII taught that: Dying on the Cross [our Lord] left to His Church the immense treasury of the Redemption, towards which she contributed nothing. But when those graces come to be distributed, not only does He share this work of sanctification with His Church, but He wills that in some way it be due to her action. This is a deep mystery, and an inexhaustible subject of meditation, that the salvation of many depends on the prayers and voluntary penances which the members of the Mystical Body of Jesus Christ offer for this intention and on the cooperation of pastors of souls and of the faithful, especially of fathers and mothers of families, a cooperation which they must offer to our Divine Savior as though they were His associates (Pope Pius XII, Mystici Corporis Christi, 29 June 1943, #44). The deep mystery that he speaks of is the mystery that we participate in through our prayers and voluntary penances, individually and corporately for the salvation of the

many. Perhaps the most enigmatic expression of this mystery is found in the witness of the martyrs who not only died for the faith but who also forgave their persecutors. The Church has always been and in our own times continues to be an instrument of reconciliation for the human family. We curse no one in our prayers. We pray and work for the salvation of all, without exception.

Wednesday of this week will mark the beginning of the holy season of Lent, a time of more intense prayer, penance, and reflection, during which each one of us endeavours to be strengthened spiritually in our struggle against evil. The observance of the Year of Mercy gives our Lenten prayer and penance a particular focus. In Rome, on Ash Wednesday, priests from around the world will receive a commission from Pope Francis and will be sent out as Missionaries of Mercy. For the occasion the Holy Father has requested that the relics of two great confessors be brought to St. Peter's Basilica: the relics of St Pio of Pietralcina and of the lesser known saintly confessor, St. Leopold Mandic. Both these saints were Capuchin priests who devoted most of their priestly ministry to the confessional. The Holy Father is drawing our attention to a reality that perhaps we take for granted or that we have forgotten or perhaps neglect. God's greatest mercy is the forgiveness of sin; for sin is the source of all our ills. And the priest, sinner though he be, is nonetheless the instrument of God's mercy. 'Go away from me, Lord, for I am a sinful man!' These words of St. Peter are no exaggeration, especially in the face of the stark reality of sin and a priest's ministry as an agent of God's mercy in the Sacrament of Confession. Mysteriously, God has ordained that sins should be forgiven through the agency and ministry of the Church, the ministry of priests. All of us should seek this mercy in the Sacrament of Confession at least once a year during the Lenten season and we ought to foster in ourselves a spirit of penance which is needed more than ever in our hedonistic age.

As we prepare to undertake the discipline of Lent, it is good for us to remember that our spiritual exercises, our fasting, our almsgiving, our prayer, all these must be undertaken and offered in union with the immense treasury of the Redemption, for the world's salvation. The greatest work of mercy is the proclamation of the truth; that God calls all humanity to conversion of life through the confession and forgiveness of sins. To speak of mercy without reference to repentance, confession of sin and conversion, that is, a change of life or attitude is a misrepresentation of what God's mercy is and what it brings about in us.

Please make note of the Lenten Day of Confessions on March 9<sup>th</sup> and of the other Lenten spiritual exercises listed on our Parish Lenten Calendar. Let us be generous then as we resolve to undertake the discipline and penance of Lent. In fidelity to our Lord's command to *put out into the deep water and let down your nets for a catch* (*Lk.* 5:4), let us be bold in our prayer. First and foremost, let each one of us ask our Lord to purify and renew our own self. Then in charity, let us reach out to the many that suffer materially and spiritually, and pray and make sacrifices for the conversion of poor sinners, as Our Lady requested at Fatima.